APPENDIX Y1

CONNECTIVITY IMPROVEMENTS
ACHIEVED BY HS2 AND HIGH SPEED UK
FOR:

YORK

and onward destinations in North-East & Scotland

(extract from HS2 - High Speed to Nowhere)

Appendix Y1: York							
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York and onward destinations in North-East & Scotland

Town/City	York
Population of built-up area**	150,000
Ranking amongst UK cities**	52
Number of cities directly linked by existing rail network (out of 31)	17

References:
HSUK North Country Rail Strategy
HSUK Scottish Rail Strategy
HSUK Regional Map 07
HSUK York Network Map
All available on HSUK website
www.highspeeduk.co.uk

^{**} https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_urban_areas_in_the_United_Kingdom

York: Intercity Connectivity with HSUK and HS2

York	Average journey time reduction	Cities directly linked (out of 29)	Journeys made faster (out of 31)	Journeys made worse (out of 31)	Best performer (out of 31 journeys)	
High Speed UK	42%	25	28	0	28	
HS2	9%	2	5	10	0	

York is located at a key junction on the East Coast Main Line where East Coast, CrossCountry and TransPennine routes converge. As a consequence it has excellent connectivity to the majority of principal UK cities. Direct non-stop services to London already operate at an average speed of 150 km/h (93 MPH), and for York the priority in the UK high speed rail initiative is not greater speed but the maintenance and enhancement of its existing connectivity.

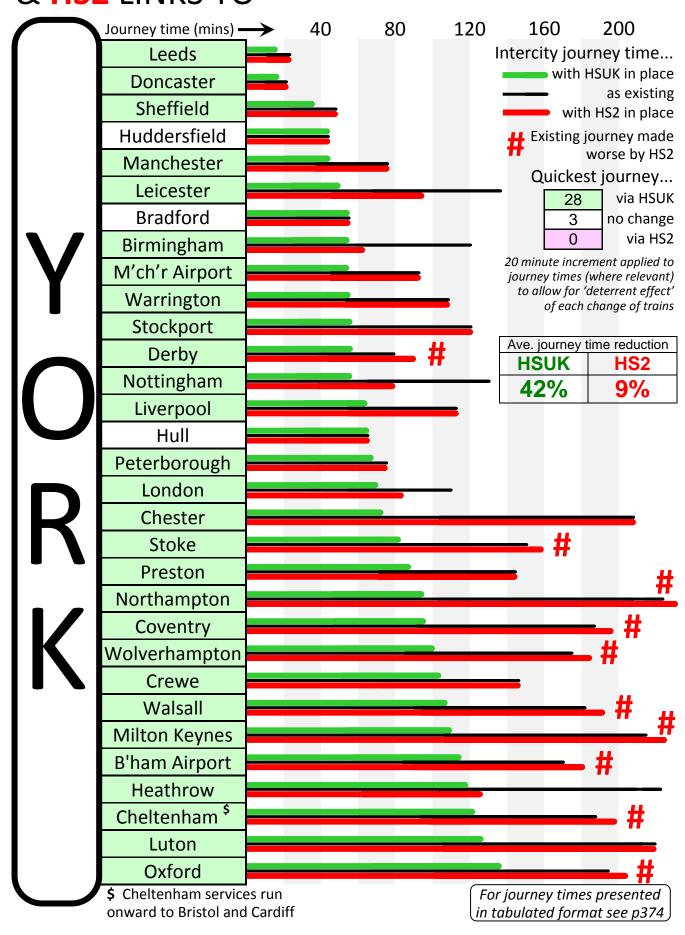
York ostensibly benefits from the HS2 proposals, with direct services to London and Birmingham. However, this is the full extent of the HS2 service offer for York; services to all other UK cities will continue to be routed via the existing network on which service levels are projected to be reduced. Another problem for York is its easterly location on the Plain of York, well to the east of the A1; whilst the peculiarities of railway history dictated that the East Coast Main Line should take its sinuous route via York and thus provide the city with excellent intercity connectivity, the logic of construction economics and optimised journey times to more populous destinations in the North-East will dictate otherwise. Subsequent phases of HS2 development north of Leeds are likely to follow a more direct route along the corridor of the A1, and leave York bypassed.

These problems will be largely avoided under the HSUK proposals. Whilst the HSUK trunk route will still bypass York, its more easterly alignment means that the route will pass much closer to the city, with a much lower time penalty for trains stopping at York. Time-sensitive services from London to Scotland will bypass York, but most other HSUK services e.g.:

- London-York-Darlington-Durham-Newcastle
- Liverpool-Manchester-Leeds-York-NorthEast-Edinburgh-Glasgow
- West Country-Birmingham-Derby-Sheffield-Leeds-York-NorthEast-Edinburgh-Glasgow
- South Coast-Oxford-MK-East Midlands-Sheffield-Leeds-York-NorthEast-E'burgh-Glasgow
- South Wales-Birmingham-Stoke-Manchester-Leeds-York-NorthEast-Edinburgh-Glasgow

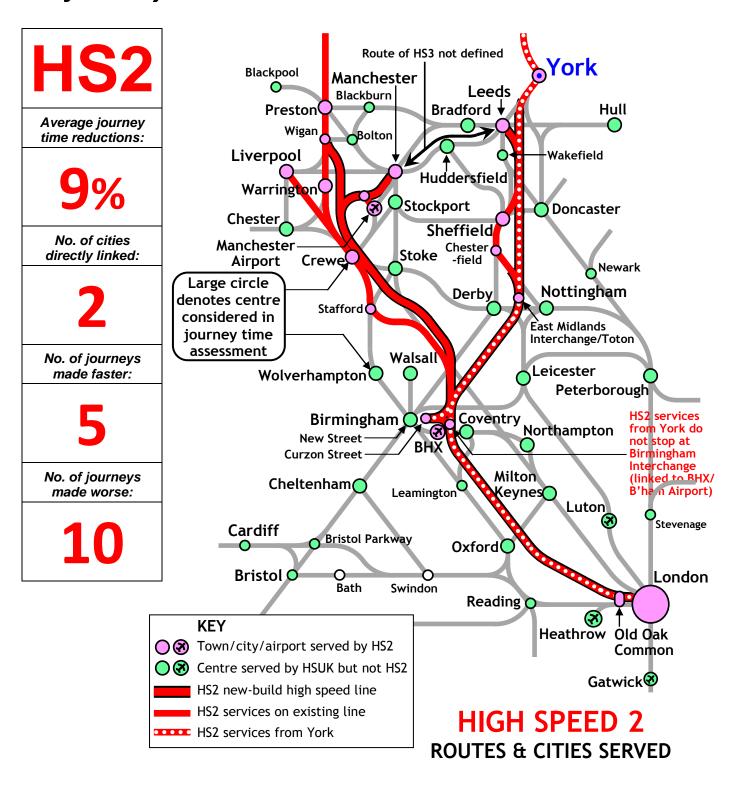
will continue to call at York, giving the city direct links to most principal UK cities.

HIGH SPEED UK & HS2 LINKS TO YORK



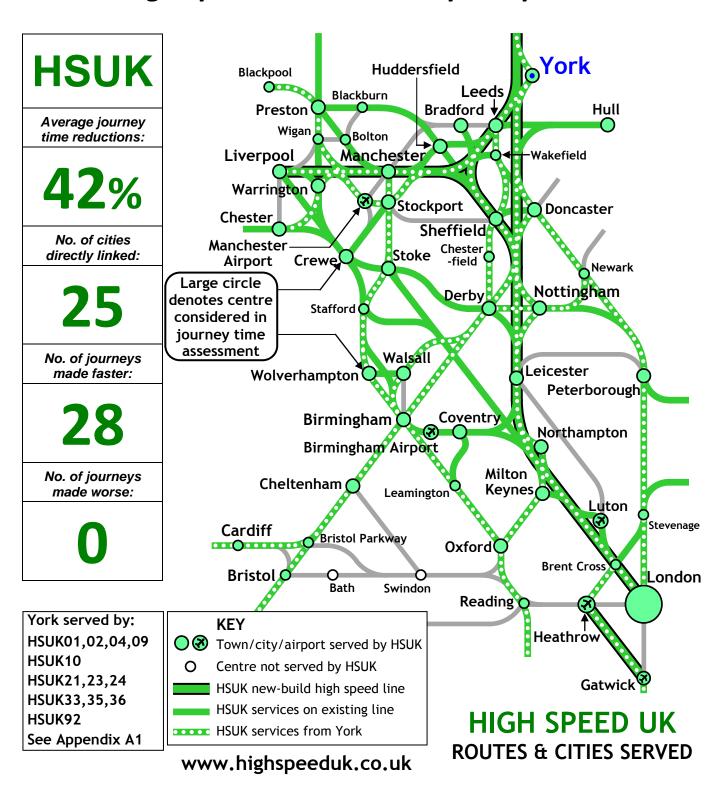
YORK

HS2 links only to Birmingham & London, journeys to most Midlands cities made worse



YORK

Fully connected to national high speed network, direct high speed links to most principal UK cities



			С	ompa	arativ	e Jou	rney	/ T	imes	fron	n Yor	k		
Quickest via:	нѕик	No change	HS2		rney time adjusted for number of changes			HSUK Existing			HS2		Journey made	
Origin	De	stinati	on	HSUK	Existing	HS2	Journ tim	-	No of changes	Journey time	No of changes	Journey time	No of changes	worse by HS2
	Bir	Birmingham		56	121	63	56		0	121	0	63	0	,
	B'ham Airport		115	172	172	95	5	1	152	1	152	1	#	
	Bradford		56	56	56	56	5	0	56	0	56	0		
	Cheltenham		121	169	169	12	1	0	169	0	169	0	#	
	(Chester		72	208	208	72	2	0	188	1	188	1	
	Coventry		98	182	182	78	3	1	162	1	162	1	#	
	Crewe		103	147	147	83	3	1	127	1	127	1		
	Derby		57	80	93	57	7	0	80	0	63	1 ^A	#	
	Doncaster		17	21	21	17	7	0	21	0	21	0		
	Heathrow		w	121	225	127	12	1	0	185	2	107	1	
V	Hud	Huddersfield		45	45	45	45	5	0	45	0	45	0	
I		Hull		66	66	66	66	5	0	66	0	66	0	
		Leeds		15	23	23	15	5	0	23	0	23	0	
	Leicester		51	139	96	51	L	0	119	1	76	1		
U	Li	verpo	ol	64	113	113	64	1	0	113	0	113	0	
	ı	ondor	1	69	111	84	69	9	0	111	0	84	0	
D		Luton		131	220	220	11	1	1	180	2	180	2	
K	Ma	nches	ter	43	77	77	43	3	0	77	0	77	0	
	M'c	h'r Air _l	port	55	94	94	55	5	0	94	0	94	0	
1/	Milt	on Key	nes	113	216	216	11	3	0	196	1	196	1	#
K	Nor	thamp	ton	99	224	224	99	9	0	204	1	204	1	#
	No	ttingh	am	59	132	80	59	•	0	112	1	60	1	
		Oxford	l	142	196	196	14	2	0	196	0	196	0	#
	Pete	erboro	ugh	67	76	76	67	7	0	76	0	76	0	
	F	Prestor	1	87	145	145	87	7	0	145	0	145	0	
	S	heffiel	d	37	49	49	37	7	0	49	0	49	0	
	St	tockpo	rt	56	121	121	56	5	0	101	1	101	1	
		Stoke		80	151	151	80)	0	131	1	131	1	#
		Walsal	ı	86	182	182	86	5	0	162	1	162	1	#
	Wa	arringt	on	56	110	110	56	5	0	110	0	110	0	
	Wolv	erham	pton	100	175	175	10	0	0	155	1	155	1	#

A = Change introduced by HS2 B = Change via shuttle between Birmingham International and Interchange # = Journey made worse by intervention of HS2 (no adjustment made to existing journey time)

Generally, journey times adjusted by 20 minutes to allow for each change of trains. 30 minute adjustment applied for the special cases noted above ie A – extra change introduced by HS2 and B – shuttle connection between Birmingham International and Birmingham Interchange.